

Noncommutative Homotopy theory II

Exercise 9

hand in until: 17.07.2023

Exercise 1. Let G be a discrete group and $E : G\text{Orb} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sp}$ be a functor. Let \mathcal{F} be a family of subgroups and $i : G_{\mathcal{F}}\text{Orb} \rightarrow G\text{Orb}$ be the inclusion. Show that the Davis-Lück assembly map $i_! i^* E(*) \rightarrow E(*)$ is equivalent to the map $E(E_{\mathcal{F}}G) \rightarrow E(*)$ induced by the projection to the point.

Exercise 2. Let G be a discrete group and $E : G\text{Orb} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sp}$ be a functor. Let \mathcal{F} be a family of subgroups and $i : G_{\mathcal{F}}\text{Orb} \rightarrow G\text{Orb}$ be the inclusion. Let H be a subgroup of G and $j : H\text{Orb} \rightarrow G\text{Orb}$ be the induction. Show that $i_! i^* E(G/H) \rightarrow E(G/H)$ is equivalent to the Davis-Lück assembly map for $j^* E$ and the family $\mathcal{F} \cap H$.

Exercise 3. Let G be a discrete group, \mathcal{F} be a family of subgroups, and $E, E' : G\text{Orb} \rightarrow \mathbf{Sp}$ be two functors with an equivalence $E|_{G_{\mathcal{F}}\text{Orb}} \simeq E'|_{G_{\mathcal{F}}\text{Orb}}$. Show that if X is a G -topological space with stabilizers in \mathcal{F} , then we get an induced equivalence $E(X) \simeq E'(X)$.

Exercise 4. Calculate the homotopy groups of the domain $RKK^{\mathbb{Z}}(E_{\mathcal{F}in}\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C})$ of the Kasparov assembly map $\mu_{\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{C}}^{Kasp}$.

Exercise 5. * Let B be a unital C^* -algebra and $\text{Mod}(B)^{fp}$ be the C^* -category of finitely generated projective Hilbert- B -modules and compact operators. We can consider B as an object of $\text{Mod}(B)^{fp}$. Show that the inclusion $B \rightarrow \text{Mod}(B)^{fp}$ induces an equivalence $K(B) \rightarrow K(A(\text{Mod}(B)^{fp}))$.

Hint: Write $A(\text{Mod}(B)^{fp})$ as a filtered colimit of $A(-)$ applied to subcategories with finitely many objects including B . If \mathbf{C} is such a subcategory construct a Morita bimodule exhibiting a Morita equivalence between B and $A(\mathbf{C})$. Finally use that K commutes with filtered colimits and is Morita equivariant.